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Best's Methodology and Criteria

DRAFT: Best's Performance Assessment for Delegated Underwriting Authority Enterprises



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Best's Performance Assessment Methodology (BPAM) is independent from and not associated with Best's Credit Rating Methodology (BCRM) and uses a performance assessment scale and guidelines that are separate and distinct from the BCRM, as outlined in this document.

A. Market Overview/Background

A Best's Performance Assessment (PA) for Delegated Underwriting Authority Enterprises (DUAEs) is a forwardlooking, independent, and objective non-credit opinion indicative of a DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners. The PA is a comprehensive analysis consisting of a quantitative and qualitative assessment of Underwriting Capabilities, Governance and Internal Controls, Financial Condition, Organizational Talent, and Depth and Breadth of Relationships, as described in **Section C. Key Assessment Factors.**

The DUAE role is an essential part of the insurance distribution model. AM Best defines a DUAE as a third party entity that is appointed by a (re)insurer, through contractual agreements, to perform underwriting, claims handling, and/or administrative functions on behalf of its carrier partners. In this methodology, DUAE is used as a blanket term to capture Managing General Agents (MGAs), Managing General Underwriters, Coverholders, Program Administrators, Program Underwriters, Underwriting Agencies, Direct Authorizations, and Appointed Representatives. AM Best recognizes that each DUAE may have unique characteristics but believes that the application of this methodology is sufficiently comprehensive in capturing the key factors that are necessary to assign a PA to any of these entities. Best's PA for DUAEs provides insight to market participants such as carriers and agents, which are contemplating a partnership with a DUAE.

By collaborating with brokers, wholesalers, and retail agents, DUAEs can place business with (re)insurers based on their risk appetite. DUAEs can also offer a variety of services beyond generating sales leads and performing administrative functions. For example, a (re)insurer may delegate underwriting authority to its DUAE partners to bind policies and collect premiums, although the ultimate responsibility for underwriting risk remains with the (re)insurer.

Globally, the function of a DUAE varies; however, AM Best believes there are key assessment factors that are indicative of a DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners, regardless of geographic location. The role of a DUAE to generate growth, provide specialized market expertise, and undertake administrative functions is consistent worldwide.



One of the most common DUAE designations is an MGA. The decision to partner with an MGA presents a series of benefits and risks to a (re)insurer. AM Best realizes that the value of the MGA as a distribution partner could greatly impact the (re)insurer's financial strength and reputation, given that underwriting authority is often granted to the MGA. Equally, the brokers, wholesalers, and retail agents that interact with an MGA look to the MGA to provide competitive products. In many cases, MGAs have special expertise or distribution capabilities that the (re)insurer may not always have available or that would otherwise be expensive to develop in house.

A typical model for MGAs is seen in the distribution of specialty and niche risks in personal and commercial lines in the property/casualty market and certain segments of the life/health markets. Based on their specialized programs, MGAs can provide insurers looking to expand into specialty markets with underwriting expertise and administrative services. These products are often targeted to specific industries, markets, or niche areas that the insurer has not been able to access through other distribution channels.

MGAs using emerging technology, often with the guidance/partnership of insurtech startups, implement mechanisms to streamline, enhance, and provide additional insight into the underwriting and administrative processes. Increasingly, MGAs have broadened their servicing capabilities by incorporating insurtech into their underwriting, claims, marketing, and compliance functions. MGAs can also apply their insurance distribution expertise when their focus is on using various forms of alternative risk transfer (ART) and traditional capital.

The PA for DUAEs provides an insurance carrier with an independent perspective on the DUAE in this case, a potential MGA partner.

B. Best's Performance Assessment for DUAEs Process

The foundation of Best's PA for DUAEs requires ongoing dialogue with management, which is facilitated by an analyst. The analyst manages the continuous interaction with company management and conducts the fundamental analysis. The analyst monitors the financial condition of the DUAE, in addition to any market and company developments that could impact the assessment. The PA is generally updated on an annual basis, but a review of the PA can take place any time that AM Best becomes aware of a significant development that may have an impact on the assessment.

The ongoing monitoring and dialogue with management occurs through scheduled meetings, as well as interim discussions on key trends and emerging issues, as needed. These meetings afford the analyst the opportunity to review factors that may affect the assessment such as the company's strategic goals, financial objectives, and management practices.

An analyst first collects the required information from the DUAE relating to the key assessment factors shown in **Exhibit C.1: Best's PA for DUAEs.** AM Best then assesses this information in conjunction with a meeting with senior representatives of the enterprise to gain a broader understanding of the organization's strengths and weaknesses. After a comprehensive review, a determination is made as to whether further information is required.



The completion of the analysis leads to a recommended PA and outlook for the DUAE, which is reviewed and voted on by an assessment committee. The assessment committee's approach ensures consistency across PAs. PAs for DUAEs are initially determined and periodically updated through the assessment committee process. After the assessment committee votes on the PA, the assessment is communicated to the DUAE. This process is outlined in **Exhibit B.3: Best's PA for DUAEs Process**.

Assessment Outlooks

A Positive, Negative, or Stable outlook determination is assigned in tandem with the PA (**Exhibit B.1: Assessment Outlooks**). The outlook indicates the potential future movement of a PA (e.g., from PA-2 to PA-1) over an intermediate time period, generally defined as 36 months. An outlook generally does not indicate movement within an Assessment Category (e.g., from 21 to 22 in the PA-3 [Strong]) when no change to the PA is anticipated. A Stable outlook does not preclude movement up or down in the PA, nor does a Positive or Negative outlook necessarily lead to a change in the PA.

Assessment Outlook	Definition
Positive	A Positive outlook indicates that the continuation of favorable trends may lead to a positive change in the performance assessment.
Stable	A Stable outlook indicates that if current trends continue, movement in the performance assessment is unlikely.
Negative	A Negative outlook indicates that the continuation of unfavorable trends may lead to a negative change in the performance assessment.

Exhibit B.1: Assessment Outlooks

Following the communication of the initial assessment, the DUAE has the option to make the Best's PA public, which is disseminated through the AM Best website; to maintain the assessment on a private basis; or to no longer participate in the process. For PAs intended to be made public, the assessment committee determination is communicated to the DUAE before it is publicly disseminated. Private PAs are disseminated directly to the company following the conclusion of the assessment committee.

If a DUAE decides to maintain the assessment on a public or private basis, the DUAE is subject to AM Best's surveillance procedures for the assessment. The PA is monitored on an ongoing basis. In the event of material changes that could have an impact on the overall assessment or outlook of the DUAE, the PA may be placed under review with positive, negative or developing implications. If a DUAE decides to withdraw its PA, AM Best must opine on a final PA before the assessment is withdrawn. If the circumstances under which the initial PA was published are no longer accurate, AM Best reserves the right to withdraw the publication of any existing PA.



Under Review

An assessment may be placed under review in the event of a sudden or unexpected change that may impact the PA. Examples of events that may lead to an under review include the sale of the entity; significant change in financial condition; unanticipated change in leadership; substantial governance breach; or other factors that could lead to a change in the underlying components of the current PA.

The under review designation may be positive, negative, or developing (**Exhibit B.2: Under Review Designations)** and will generally remain in place until the impact of the issue(s) on the PA is determined. The timeframe may vary depending on the specific circumstances, but resolution of the under review is generally expected within six months.

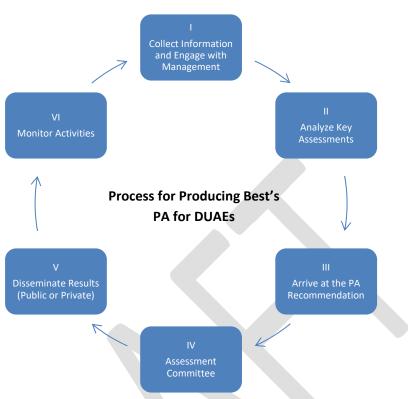
Under Review Designation	Definition
Positive	A positive under review designation indicates that, based on information currently available, there is a reasonable likelihood that the performance assessment may be higher at the conclusion of the under review.
Negative	A negative under review designation indicates that based on information currently available, there is a reasonable likelihood that the performance assessment may be lower at the conclusion of the under review.
Developing	A developing under review designation indicates that, based on information currently available, there is sufficient uncertainty as to conditions surrounding the under review and that the performance assessment may be higher, lower or unchanged at the conclusion.

Exhibit B.2: Under Review Designation

In conjunction with the assignment of a PA for a DUAE, a summary report outlining the key assessments and an explanation of its features is provided to the DUAE.



Exhibit B.3: Best's PA for DUAEs Process



C. Key Assessment Factors

AM Best uses both quantitative and qualitative elements to assess the strengths and weaknesses of the DUAE. An assessment of five key components: Underwriting Capabilities, Governance and Internal Controls, Financial Condition, Organizational Talent, and Depth and Breadth of Relationships is performed.

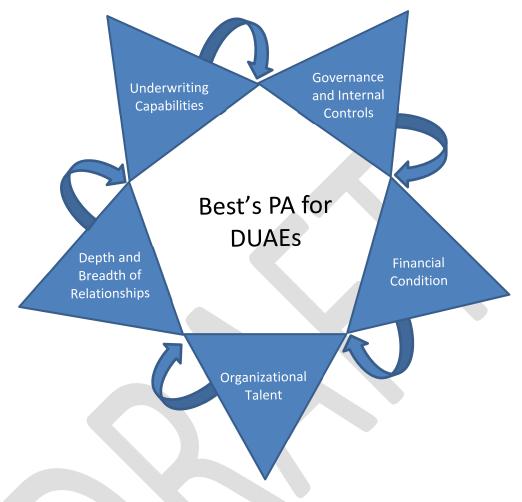
Components of Best's PA for DUAEs

AM Best's assessment of a DUAE is performed through the development of Best's PA for DUAEs. The components of the performance assessment are shown in **Exhibit C.1: Best's PA for DUAEs**. The PA is an aggregation of the sub-assessment assigned to each component. A higher overall PA indicates that the DUAE is more likely to achieve greater long-term stability through effective business underwriting, maintain a strong financial profile, have excellent access to business, provide high-level service, and maintain strong business relationships and governance, than a DUAE that receives a lower PA.

Three of the components, Underwriting Capabilities, Governance and Internal Controls and Financial Condition, can receive up to a maximum of ten points. The other two components, Organizational Talent and Depth and Breadth of Relationships, can receive a maximum of five points. The sub-assessments for each component are aggregated and then translated into a PA, as explained further in **Section D. Developing the Performance Assessments**.



Exhibit C.1: Best's PA for DUAEs



Best's PA for DUAEs = Underwriting Capabilities + Governance and Internal Controls + Financial Condition + Organizational Talent + Depth and Breadth of Relationships

Assessing the Components

Underwriting Capabilities

Given that (re)insurers partner with DUAEs for their access to specific business and specialized expertise, AM Best recognizes that the profitability of the business written by the DUAE is essential for forming long-lasting relationships with (re)insurers. The following outlines the elements of the underwriting capabilities component.

Quality of Underwriting

When assessing performance metrics, AM Best uses a variety of quantitative and qualitative measures. In addition to considering a company's most recent underwriting performance, the analysis may consider and assess historical trends, expected future performance, measures of central tendency, and volatility of results. Methods of standardization such as calculating certain risk-adjusted performance



metrics may also be used to properly adjust returns for the degree of risk exposure necessary to generate those returns. To assess the effectiveness of the DUAE's underwriting controls, audits by the risk-bearing entities may be considered.

AM Best considers the structure and performance of the underwriting portfolio by segment and program to ascertain the underlying profitability of the portfolios on a gross and net basis, based on both underwriting results and calendar year results. AM Best also considers a DUAE's prospective underwriting margins, monitoring trends, and volatility of results. With regard to the long-term sustainability of a scheme, AM Best would need to understand how the structure benefits all parties in the transaction, which entails assessing the underwriting approach, commission, fee and expense structures, and reserving approach—in particular, any estimated reserves that could influence results such as incurred but not reported reserves (IBNR).

As part of its review, AM Best expects to assess whether specific underwriting elements in the general agency agreement/contract between the agent and the insurance company are being honored—such as the maximum premium volume allowable, the maximum limit of liability, and any exclusions that have been set.

Underwriting Results

To assess previous underwriting results, AM Best expects to review the premium and loss histories of a DUAE's programs. The program results should reflect amounts for the previous three years that may include the following items: written premium, earned premium, paid loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE), case incurred loss and LAE, and IBNR.

Underwriting Competitive Advantage

AM Best recognizes that a purely quantitative analysis may not completely capture the sustainability of a company's performance. Management's ability to adapt to changes in the operating environment is also an important contributor to stable performance over time. As part of considering the qualitative elements of profitability, AM Best assesses management's appreciation of what drives the DUAE's underwriting performance and considers management's ability to steer performance.

Proprietary Data and Analytics

Data and the ability to effectively use it are key components of underwriting performance. AM Best considers the role, nature, and use of data in a DUAE and assesses the DUAE's data collection and monitoring procedures. The use of data analytics that benefit the underwriting approach is key to the DUAE's success. AM Best expects to review a DUAE's data quality and usage in relation to premium pricing, loss reserve development patterns, and IBNR as part of the ongoing assessment of the DUAE.

Experience of Underwriting Staff

The experience and financial track record of the staff is critically important to the success of a DUAE. The experience of the underwriting staff is assessed by staff members' designations, years of experience they have underwriting a certain program, and continued education. Ultimately, the experience should translate into profitable performance.



Technology in the Underwriting Process

Technology in the underwriting process provides a variety of benefits to a DUAE—for example, using technology to enhance premium pricing mechanisms or improving efficiency of claims management systems. Historically, many in the insurance industry have found ways to adapt to an ever-changing market environment without having to become sophisticated technology players. To keep up with current innovation developments, underwriters rely on diverse sources, including employees, customers, and consultants and, when faced with challenges requiring innovation outside their core competencies, are willing to make investments and form partnerships.

Limitations on Exceptions/Risk Appetite

Setting limitations on exceptions to underwriting or pricing guidelines for sales and marketing reasons can improve or erode a DUAE's underwriting profitability. Enforcement of preset limitations to prevent overriding above the permitted underwriting authority ensures that the DUAE and insurer are aligned with regard to the amount of risk they are willing to take and helps accurately price the risk exposures. Adherence to the preset limitations (for example, applying credits and debits, binding risks that may be in a list of excluded classes, etc.) is crucial to the profitability of the program.

Assessment	Points	Key Characteristics				
Exceptional	10	The DUAE's underwriting performance is assessed as exceptional. The DUAE has a profitable book of business with expert underwriters. Innovative processes and technology are used effectively throughout the enterprise. Their underwriting controls are exceptional.				
Excellent	8	DUAE's underwriting performance is assessed as excellent. The DUAE a profitable book of business written by experienced underwriters who technology in most of their processes and have a plan to continue their mological partnerships. Their underwriting controls are excellent.				
Strong	6	The DUAE's underwriting performance is assessed as strong. The DUAE's underwriting is usually profitable. The DUAE adheres to underwriting guidelines and is supported by appropriate underwriting expertise. The DUAE has adopted some emerging technologies. It has strong underwriting controls in place.				
Fair	4	The DUAE's underwriting performance is assessed as fair. Its underwriting profitability is mixed. The DUAE has adequate underwriting expertise and sometimes adheres to general agency contract provisions. It recognizes that technology is important but has not implemented a plan to include it in its regular practices. Underwriting controls are fair, and staff has some experience.				
Weak	2	The DUAE's underwriting performance is assessed as weak. The DUAE's underwriting profitability is weak. There is a lack of adherence to general agency contract provisions, and underwriting guidelines are loosely followed. The DUAE relies on outdated processes and technology. Underwriting controls are weak or non-existent. Underwriting staff is inexperienced.				

Exhibit C.2: Underwriting Capabilities

The key characteristics described for each assessment are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.



Governance and Internal Controls

Although the level of sophistication will vary, strong governance and internal controls ensure risks are managed effectively across an organization, regardless of size. Appropriate licenses, policies and procedures, a disaster recovery plan, tracking of service measures, and broker contracts in line with regulatory requirements are essential to enforcing uniform internal controls. The qualitative analysis of each component is described in greater detail below.

Alignment of Interests

It is important that contractual and other relationships with brokers, carriers, and employees create helpful incentives. Managing intra-group arrangements and financial relationships with connected parties to ensure interests are aligned is also important. A mission statement is desirable.

Systems

DUAEs and the carriers that they partner with often share systems that tend to increase operational efficiency and the effectiveness of capturing program data in real time. When integrated systems are not present, ensuring that the DUAE's data is compatible with the internal systems of its partners is imperative to facilitate real time monitoring of the DUAE's performance and compliance with the DUAE's agreement.

Audits and Other Management Reports

AM Best reviews the results of any internal audit. The internal audit serves as a self-evaluation for a DUAE and can be a useful tool to identify areas for improvement, such as the need to update policies and procedures. AM Best also reviews other internal reports that analyze trends and identify successful underwriting practices. Often using standardized forms, carriers/insurers may conduct external audits on their DUAE partners and share the results. When a DUAE has been subject to this type of external audit, AM Best will request that the DUAE share the audit results for its review.

Policies and Procedures

Internal policies and procedures should explain the steps for a required task clearly and consistently. Additionally, policies and procedures should comply with industry standards and regulatory requirements. Standardized policies or standard operating procedures provide employees with manuals for fulfilling their job responsibilities to meet the company's expectations. For example, a minimum financial strength rating requirement may be required for a DUAE to enter into partnerships with (re)insurers. DUAEs should also supply their data security policies, cyber insurance policies, and document retention plan.

Disaster Recovery Plan

The presence of a disaster recovery plan ensures business continuity after an unexpected catastrophic event or crisis. A strong disaster recovery plan outlines the steps necessary to maintain key business operations; data backup; recovery point objectives; security procedures at an alternative site; and designated maximum tolerable downtimes. The DUAE should test, audit, and update its disaster recovery process annually—ideally, testing is built into the policies and procedures.



Key Person Risk Plan

AM Best reviews key person risk when an individual owner's incapacitation would be detrimental to the future of the DUAE. For some DUAEs, the key person may be the only individual capable of running the business. Some DUAEs are often family-owned businesses, with a single person controlling most of the enterprise's operations. In these cases, AM Best expects to review continuity/succession plans to address the possibility that the key individual may be unable to undertake the typical duties that are part of daily operations.

Service Measures

Tracking service measures gives an organization a transparent view of its strengths and of areas needing improvement—AM Best recognizes that this is an essential part of assessing a customer or business partner's satisfaction with the experience. This measure can be captured through a customer retention percentage, third-party scores, complaint escalation rate, regulatory/consumer complaints or other forms of customer/business partner satisfaction measures. Other indicators of service measures include the following:

- Turnaround time from the receipt of submission to the delivery of quotes and how this task is accomplished
- Tracking complaints or compliments
- Quality of claims handling

Binding Contracts

General agency agreements (with business addendums) between DUAEs and insurance companies/carriers outline the responsibilities of both parties to the agreement. The agreement typically addresses a number of areas, such as how funds are held by the DUAE and remitted to the insurer, as well as establishing the amount of funds the DUAE can hold. It also typically addresses underwriting guidelines, the handling of expenses, commission payment structures, record maintenance, audit requirements, and measures taken for noncompliance. AM Best expects to review these agreements to ensure they incorporate these elements.

Broker Contracts

Contracts establishing a partnership between the DUAE and the agent/broker outline the responsibilities of both entities. These contracts detail the level of compliance and financial protection with regard to the DUAE. Transparency during the onboarding process contributes to the success of the partnership. Key contract items to be reviewed are loss history, restrictions to binding authority, requirement of errors and omissions (E&O) policies, the agent/broker license, and the terms of indemnification. Ownership of specialty blocks of business is also important. AM Best assesses the DUAE's ability to retain profitable contracts. The nature of a DUAE's contracts with its brokers is reviewed to assess the brokers' flexibility to move a block of business to another DUAE and any repercussions of the transfer of retail agents or policyholders to another party on the DUAE's ability to generate profitable business.



Partnership with TPAs

Partnerships between third party administrators (TPAs) and DUAEs can enhance or detract from a DUAE's value, depending on the TPA's service measure reputation and its longevity in the industry. If a DUAE uses a TPA to integrate technology into its underwriting processes, this can strengthen a DUAE's ability to differentiate itself from similar DUAEs. Doing business with an unresponsive TPA for claims handling could hurt a DUAE's relationship with its customers as well as the insurers and damage its own reputation. Analyzing the partnerships that DUAEs enter into is necessary for a complete picture of their staffing.

Assessment	Points	Key Characteristics
Exceptional	The DUAE's governance and internal controls are assessed as exceptional. The DUAE regularly tests and updates its policies and procedures. It has a proven, effective disaster recovery plan and is able to implement it to resume critical business functions typically within 24 hours. It receives a large number of customer compliments and has detailed, insightful service measures. Internal compliance or an external contractor reviews its broker contracts. Additional binding contracts are also reviewed and adhered to. Transparent and effective shared systems and data transfer capabilities are in place with its carrier partners. The DUAE partners with TPAs that have enhanced the function, innovation, and efficiency of the DUAE.	
Excellent	8	The DUAE'S governance and internal controls are assessed as excellent. The DUAE has policies, procedures, and a disaster recovery plan that is tested and updated yearly. They track service measures and address customer complaints in a timely manner. Internal compliance or an external contractor reviews its broker contracts and additional binding contracts. The DUAE has shared systems with its carrier partners. It partners with TPAs that have benefitted the function, innovation, and efficiency of the DUAE.
Strong	6	The DUAE'S governance and internal controls are assessed as strong. The DUAE has policies, procedures, and a disaster recovery plan in place but has not tested or updated them. It tracks service measures but does not address customer complaints in a timely manner. Internal compliance or an independent external third party reviews its broker contracts. It has binding contracts but they are not systematically reviewed. Data is compatible with carrier partners but systems are not fully integrated. The TPAs the DUAE partners with are adequate.
Fair	4	The DUAE'S governance and internal controls are assessed as fair. The DUAE plans to implement policies, procedures, or disaster recovery plans. It has a plan to track service measures but has not implemented it. It uses standardized broker contracts, and some elements are missing from binding contracts. It has a plan to integrate systems with carrier partners. The TPAs the DUAE partners with do not enhance the function of the DUAE.
Weak	2	The DUAE's governance and internal controls are assessed as weak. The DUAE does not have documented policies, procedures, or a disaster recovery plan. Systems and data are incompatible with carrier partners. The DUAE does not track service measures and uses non-standard broker contracts that are tailored without review by internal compliance or an outside contractor, or are missing key requirements. Other binding contracts are either absent or not adhered to. The DUAE partners with weak TPAs.

Exhibit C.3: Governance and Internal Controls

The key characteristics described for each assessment are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.



Financial Condition

The financial condition component of the assessment reviews the financial strength of the DUAE by assessing audited financial statements, proof of two or more years of positive net worth, opportunities for risk-sharing, and the presence and maintenance of surety bonds for claims payment protection, and errors and omissions coverage for the protection of the (re)insurer. Given the risk to the carrier of accepting business from a DUAE, the DUAE will often deposit collateral for the benefit of the (re)insurer, or the (re)insurer will obtain a corporate or personal guarantee from the DUAE to ensure that funds are available to address unforeseen risks. AM Best believes a review of these factors provides insight into a DUAE's financial stability and its capability to generate profitable business for (re)insurers.

Analysis of Financial Metrics

Fundamental to the analysis is a review of the DUAE's financial statements. AM Best expects established DUAEs to provide at least three years of audited financial statements. Unaudited financial statements may also be reviewed, but limited disclosure and the absence of an independent audit may result in a lower assessment for this component. The analysis may include a review of the appropriate financial information of the significant owners or individuals with a controlling interest. AM Best's analysis includes a review of the following:

- Stability and sources of income
- Cash flow evaluation
- The DUAE's capitalization
- Financial strength and support from related parties
- Premium trust account history
- Leverage and coverage measures as appropriate to assess financial flexibility/areas of potential financial stress
- Any borrowings (AM Best will consider if appropriate debt to EBITDA ratios have been or are going to be maintained.)

Participation in Risk-Sharing

For DUAEs that participate in risk-sharing, AM Best's analysis assesses the capital partners of the DUAE. Appropriate surety bonds and E&O coverage ensure that the partnerships the DUAE forms are protected from unexpected or unintended risks and are examined as part of this analysis.



Exhibit C.4: Financial Condition

Assessment	Points	Key Characteristics			
Exceptional	10	The DUAE's financial performance indicators are assessed as exceptional The financial structure and composition of the group demonstrates stability its operations and complements the risk undertaken. Earnings have been exceptional and sustainable, with clear strategies for continued growth. Commitments and the integrity of contracts provide further reassurance to business partners.			
Excellent	8	The DUAE's financial performance indicators are assessed as excellent. Earnings are consistently excellent, and opportunities for growth are recognized. The DUAE maintains excellent risk-sharing strategies and its financial structure is solid.			
Strong	6	The DUAE's financial performance indicators are assessed as strong. Earnings are stable and financial flexibility is available. The DUAE is backed by financially stable partners, and it has developed strong risk-sharing strategies.			
Fair	4	The DUAE's financial performance indicators are assessed as fair. It has generally recorded profitable results over market cycles. The DUAE has developed appropriate strategies to mitigate risks.			
Weak	2	The DUAE's financial performance indicators are assessed as weak. Financial flexibility is limited, with many areas of potential financial stress. Insurer partnerships are not secure and lack adequate capital support. Risk mitigation is not in place or is unenforceable.			

The key characteristics described for each assessment are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.

Organizational Talent

DUAEs operate on personal relationships and often grow through acquisitions. The organizational talent component of the assessment gauges the strength or weakness of relationships between the DUAE and its employees or partnerships, and whether these positively or negatively impact its relationships with customers. A DUAE with strong talent will have the high-quality and time-tested expertise necessary to ensure the longevity of its customer relationships and program offerings. A DUAE should maintain talent that is appropriate for its size and complexity. For example, larger DUAEs may need actuaries and claims managers, which may not be necessary for smaller DUAEs.

Tenure

High employee turnover can be costly for an organization and is often destructive to long-lasting relationships. Over time, an employee can begin to anticipate a customer's needs based on their prior experience with that customer once they have established a trusting relationship that emphasizes the importance of customer experience. This would factor positively into a DUAE's PA. The tenure metric also includes an analysis of the number of employees at the DUAE. AM Best will compare a DUAE's level of tenure to prevailing industry standards.

Training Programs

Employee training programs provide employees knowledge of industry trends, help ensure compliance in a dynamic regulatory environment, and facilitate the consistent onboarding of staff, setting expectations so that employees are fully prepared for their positions. Training can fall into a



variety of categories, from improving interpersonal skills and managing stress, to training that educates staff on specific skill sets. Offering tuition reimbursements for pursuing professional designations and furthering an employee's education relevant to an employee's job function is also reviewed. DUAE management should be able to demonstrate to AM Best that key staff have the appropriate skill levels.

Executive Experience

Efficient operations are dependent upon experienced executive leadership that can adapt to change. Management's track record and experience are important factors in the analysis. A review of how the strategic direction provided by management to ensure the company's objectives are met is part of the assessment of this component.

Organizational Structure

Organizational structure establishes and defines employees' reporting responsibilities and ensures that a company is aware of any staffing gaps or overstaffing. AM Best expects DUAEs to design operational structures that support their programs and allow for nimble and flexible structures.

Assessment	Points	Key Characteristics		
Exceptional	5	The DUAE's organizational talent is assessed as exceptional. The DUAE has appropriate staffing and low turnover. When additional staff are hired, onboarding and training are sufficient for employees to perform their job duties. Additional training is an ongoing requirement for staff and includes a focus on industry information and regulatory updates. The executive team clearly communicates the company's vision and has a transparent approach to improve processes. Organizational structure is well defined, and there is a clear path of reporting duties and opportunities for development.		
Excellent	4	The DUAE's organizational talent is assessed as excellent. The DUAE has appropriate staffing. Training is required and tracked once a year for important industry and regulatory updates. The executive team has high levels of experience. Organizational structure is well defined, and there is a clear path of reporting duties and opportunities for development.		
Strong	3	The DUAE's organizational talent is assessed as strong. Turnover for key staff is moderate. Training is not required or tracked but is available. The executive team has adequate experience. The organizational structure is clear.		
Fair	2	The DUAE's organizational talent is assessed as fair. Turnover of key staff is moderate to high; turnover levels overall are moderate. The DUAE recognizes that it needs a training program and has a plan to implement one. There are gaps in certain areas but there is a plan to hire additional personnel. The organizational structure is unclear.		
Weak	1	The DUAE's organizational talent is assessed as weak. Turnover at all levels is high and the DUAE lacks executive direction. There is little organizational structure, and reporting lines are unclear. There are no training programs.		

Exhibit C.5: Organizational Talent

The key characteristics described for each assessment are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.



Depth and Breadth of Relationships

Number of Programs and Markets

AM Best measures the number of programs a DUAE offers. A well-rounded portfolio in a DUAE's area of expertise spreads the risk and helps ensure that the DUAE can survive well into the future, such as in the case of the termination of key partner(s). The number of markets/insurers a DUAE represents is a key element of the review, which also looks at how quickly a key relationship can be replaced if one is terminated. However, AM Best acknowledges that, in some cases, a DUAE's value may be derived more from its niche expertise or access to business rather than the level of diversification.

Consistency of Relationships

The ability to maintain consistency in its relationships with partners will likely contribute to the DUAE's overall success, because effective communication and interaction with key stakeholders adds value to operations and promotes longevity. AM Best reviews a DUAE's historical relationships during its existence and will consider the tenure and growth of those relationships in its assessment of this component.

Geographic Reach

The geographic locations of the programs offered indicates if a DUAE has a concentrated risk pool or if its portfolio is diversified and can maintain continuity in the event of an unexpected disaster in one area, although AM Best acknowledges that DUAEs that specialize as niche market players may have inherent strengths. Additionally, awareness of the different regulatory governance in each geographic region in which a DUAE writes business is important. AM Best focuses on the main characteristics of a DUAE's programs and on the factors that make it more or less risky, taking into account any diversification benefits.

Retention of Clients

The renewal percentage indicates how successful the DUAE is at retaining its business. Satisfied customers will continue to renew their policies; a high renewal percentage for a well-performing program indicates strong underwriting practices. AM Best expects to review the DUAE's history of non-renewals and to understand the reasons for the turnover of business.

Exhibit C.6: Depth and Breadth of Relationships

Assessment	Points	Key Characteristics			
Exceptional	5	The DUAE's depth and breadth of relationships are assessed as exceptional. The DUAE has many programs available in all areas of its domiciled country or internationally or a highly specialized access to niche business. It retains a high percentage of clients and has shown continued growth. It successfully launches new programs regularly and is innovative in its approaches. It has consistent and long-standing relationships.			
Excellent	4	The DUAE's depth and breadth of relationships are assessed as excellent. The DUAE has a profitable book of business spread among many programs, with experienced or niche underwriters. Its client retention rate is high and it has a plan for growing its programs. It has stable relationships with some longevity.			



Strong	DUAE has an appropria geographic regions or a	breadth of relationships are assessed as strong. The tely diverse number of programs in a variety of ccess to select business. Its client retention rate and It has stable relationships.
Fair	DUAE has adequate rel programs or a stable nic	breadth of relationships are assessed as fair. The ationships with insurers and an adequate number of the expertise that would be difficult to replace if ention rates are adequate and its relationships are
Weak	DUAE has weak relation sources low volumes of	breadth of relationships are assessed as weak. The hships with insurers and a low client retention rate. It business or offers a low number of programs, or is characterized by high client volatility, with an tionships.

The key characteristics described for each assessment are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.

D. Developing the Performance Assessment

The assignment of a PA for DUAEs follows the summation of the sub-assessments for each component.

Exhibit D.1 below provides a detailed example of how the PA is developed.

Exhibit D.1: PA Example

DUAE XYZ is a mid-sized underwriting enterprise licensed as an MGA and located in the United States. It writes program-based commercial insurance with multiple insurers. Its financials show that it has had positive net worth for two years. The DUAE does not participate in risk-sharing with insurers but has the appropriate surety bonds, as required by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). The insurers it collaborates with have some capital concerns, with minimal financial guarantees (or protection).

The underwriting practices of DUAE XYZ are strong in some areas and lacking in others. Three of its five programs perform well. Two programs have been formed within the past two years and have not been profitable. The binding contracts between DUAE XYZ and its insurer partners have no preset limitations on exceptions but do not generally allow exceptions to the DUAE's underwriting practices, which creates confusion among its underwriting staff.

DUAE XYZ's policies and procedures are available on the company's intranet, but there is no process to update or review them. It has a plan to roll out a disaster recovery plan, although it advises that its employees can work remotely, and its offices are in different regions. For processing complaints, it has an e-mail inbox that is checked daily. On average, it receives one or two complaints a week. The DUAE's broker contracts are compliant with regulatory requirements for MGA/broker contracts, and the DUAE uses standardized contracts for each relationship. It does not have the ability to have the contracts signed electronically, so all contracts are either signed, and scanned, faxed, mailed or emailed. Its systems are separate from those of its carrier partners, although it has a plan in place to integrate them in the future.



DUAE XYZ does conduct internal audits yearly. All underwriting staff have CPCU designations and are required to enroll in continuing education courses yearly.

Executive leadership of DUAE XYZ has appropriate experience and actively recruits new talent. The training program is extensive, and it develops new content every year to stay up to date with industry changes. The executive staff founded DUAE XYZ seven years ago. Most of its staff has stayed and grown with the company.

DUAE XYZ recognizes that it does not use technology to its full ability and has a project under way to onboard insurtech vendors and complete a cost analysis to determine how much value the partnership will add to its underwriting practices. For claims handling, it partners with an underperforming third party administrator that has continually set inadequate reserves for outstanding claims, but it does not have an exit strategy in place.

It writes five different types of programs that are available in coastal states across the country. The renewal percentage for its three well-established programs is 90%, and for its two new programs, 44.7%.

DUAE XYZ's strategy is unlikely to change, and the expectation is that the company will continue in a similar manner over the next few years, supporting a Stable outlook.

Underwriting Capabilities	6 Strong	
Governance and Internal Controls	4 Fair	PA-4
Financial Condition	4 Fair	Fair
Organizational Talent	3 Strong	Outlook Stable
Depth and Breadth of Relationships	1 Weak	
PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT	18	

The PA measures the DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners. Minimum and maximum point eligibility are established in **Section C. Key Assessment Factors**. If there is significant weakness in a particular component, particularly in the weighted categories of Underwriting Capabilities, Governance and Internal Controls, and Financial Condition, the overall PA is likely to be lower. The sum of the points received for each of the components is translated into a PA ranging from PA-1 Exceptional to PA- 5 Weak.



Best's Performance Assessment Scale Exhibit E.1: Best's PA Scale

Assessment Categories	Assessment Symbols	Assessment Ranges	Key Characteristics
Exceptional	PA-1	34-40	The DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners is exceptional. It has a diverse or niche profitable book of business. It is staffed with expert underwriters that use technology in every aspect of their business. Exceptional governance and internal controls enable the DUAE to effectively manage risks, which translates into superior and improved profitability. Financial performance indicators are exceptional and sustainable, with a clear path towards continued growth. It partners with a broad range of strong, high profile insurers and its relationships with outside parties are stable and long-term. Internal controls are regularly updated and enforced through periodic reviews of policies and procedures and risk management reviews.
Excellent	PA-2	27-33	The DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners is excellent. The DUAE has a profitable book of diversified or niche business spread among many programs, with experienced underwriters who use technology in most of their processes. Excellent governance and internal controls enable them to appropriately manage risk and continuously generate profit. Its financial performance indicators are excellent and, the DUAE benefits from stable, long-term partnerships with financially strong insurers.
Strong	PA-3	20-26	The DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners is strong. It has a diverse portfolio and appropriate underwriting expertise. It also has a clear plan in place to implement technology into its processes or integrate shared systems with carrier partners. Financial performance indicators are stable and sustainable. Programs perform well and have been profitable for a number of years, with financially secure insurance partnerships. Governance and internal controls and risk-management processes are appropriate for the DUAE's size.



Fair	PA-4	13-19	The DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners is fair. It has some niche or diversified risk, and underwriting expertise is adequate. Financial guarantees mitigate the risk posed by partnerships with financially insecure insurers. Financial performance indicators seem adequate. The DUAE recognizes the importance of technology and system integration with carrier partners but does not consistently apply these principles throughout the organization. Governance and internal controls are present but are ineffective or may lack proper coverage for the DUAE's size.
Weak	PA-5	Up to 12	The DUAE's relative ability to perform services on behalf of its insurance partners is weak. Underwriting expertise is less than adequate and risk concentration or lack of specialization is present. The DUAE's financial performance indicators are either weak, unavailable, or inadequate. Insurance partners are financially insecure, or lack financial guarantees. The company relies on manual processes, with little to no investment in technology or system integration with carrier partners. Governance and internal controls are deficient.

The key characteristics described for each Assessment Category are ideal scenarios and are not intended to be prescriptive.

E. Analyzing New DUAE Formations

New companies are formed for many different purposes, using a variety of business models. For example, an insurtech that wants to increase its profitability may change its business model to that of a DUAE. In other cases, a new company may be a more traditional start-up venture lacking a financial performance history. Due to this, it is likely that AM Best would assess startup DUAEs more conservatively, and their PAs will generally be lower.

A new or startup DUAE's strategy to begin operations is important for both its launch and continued success. AM Best recognizes that assigning a PA to a new or startup DUAE requires a flexible approach, because the historical information needed to assess a DUAE's ability to perform services to insurance partners may not be available.

Requirements for a Newly Formed DUAE

For AM Best to proceed with an initial PA for a DUAE that has been in existence or has qualified as a DUAE for less than two fiscal years, a DUAE must have the following:

- A clearly defined two-year business plan that outlines its partnership criteria to ensure that it will generate profit, along with a thorough description of products offered, pricing standards, and marketing strategy
- Financial statements or reports certified by an officer of the DUAE for any completed fiscal years
- Interim financial statements or reports for the latest year of operation



- Experienced management and the appropriate staff and operational infrastructure (or that are adequately addressed in a detailed implementation plan, which may include use of third party servicers) to support initial activities and meet regulatory requirements
- Management, board members, strategic investors, investment bankers, actuaries or other advisers available for discussions with AM Best, to provide comprehensive disclosure of requested information
- A follow-up process to assess the effectiveness of the initial business plan and to monitor the company's strategic and financial development
- Senior management and underwriters' track record



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